Reference list

Institutional review

This review is not exhaustive. It is intended to give the reader an oversight of agencies that are working on pesticides, particularly in relation to occupational health, and provide a brief description of the organisation, their focus and examples of relevant publications. Organisations that have an interest in the monitoring or surveillance of pesticide impacts on human health have been prioritised, as have any publications on this subject. Reference lists and database links are available separately.

Over 40 websites have been reviewed including UN organizations; convention secretariats; industry; NGOs; inter-agency fora and programmes; academic institutions; and institutions concerned with the environmental and/or human health impacts of pesticides.

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
AAPCC	The American Association of Poison	2008 Annual Report of the American	AAPCC maintains the National Poison Data	American Association
	Control Centers (AAPC) is a non-	Association of Poison Control	Base (NPDS). This data is used to identify	of Poison Control
	profit, national organization founded	Centers' National Poison	hazards early, focus prevention education,	Centers
	in 1958 that represents the poison	Data System (NPDS): 26th Annual	guide clinical research, direct training, and	515 King Street
	control centers of the United States	Report	detect chemical/bioterrorism incidents.	Suite 510
	and the interests of poison	http://www.aapcc.org/dnn/Portals/	AAPCC data has prompted product	Alexandria, VA 22314
	prevention and treatment of	0/2008annualreport.pdf	reformulations, repackaging, recalls, and	Main Office: 703-
	poisoning.		bans; are used to support regulatory	894-1858 703-894-
			actions; and contribute to post-marketing	1858
	The nation's 60 poison centers as well		surveillance on newly released drugs and	Main Fax: 703-683-
	as other poison-related organizations		products	2812
	are members of American Association			E-Mail:
	of Poison Control Centers, or AAPCC.			info@aapcc.org
ASP	The Africa Stockpiles Programme	ASP. Promoting Global Treaties.	The focus of the ASP is the disposal of	www.africastockpiles
	(ASP) is a multi-stakeholder initiative	2005.	stocks of obsolete pesticides and the	<u>.net</u>
	that aims to dispose of obsolete		prevention of their re-accumulation. The	
	pesticides and prevent future toxic	ASP. NGO Manual. 2008.	ASP website provides briefing documents	http://www.fao.org/
	threats, thereby protecting human	http://www.pan-	on the relevant conventions (Stockholm,	agriculture/crops/ob
	health and the environment. Partners	uk.org/archive/Projects/Obsolete/AS	Rotterdam, Basel) as well as case study	<u>solete-</u>
	in the programme include Non-	Pmanual.html	material and news updates on programme	pesticides/africa-
	Governmental Organizations (NGOs),		implementation.	program/en/

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	United Nations (UN) specialized entities, international organizations and the private sector. The Implementation Committee of the ASP, also known as ASPIC, consists of: CropLife International (CLI); the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO); Pestcide Action Network (PAN); WWF and the World Bank.		The NGO Manual contains information to support NGOs to participate in the programme. It also contains information suitable for a broader readership on obsolete pesticides and pesticide management.	
Basel Convention	The Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal has 172 Parties and aims to protect human health and the environment against the adverse effects resulting from the generation, management, transboundary movements and disposal of hazardous and other wastes. The Basel Convention came into force in 1992. The Secretariat is administered by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).	A joint information kit has been produced between the Basel, Rotterdam and Stockholm Conventions. The kit is composed of information leaflets (one about each Convention), a poster and a folder. <u>http://www.basel.int/pub/joint-info- kit/index.html</u>	The Basel Convention website contains documents and information used by the Parties to the Basel Convention and other stakeholders. A special section for the general public and other newcomers to the issues addressed by the Convention is also available.	Secretariat of the Basel Convention (SBC) International Environment House 11-13 chemin des Anémones, Building D 1219 Châtelaine (Geneva), Switzerland Tel: (+41 22) 917 8218 Fax: (+41 22) 797 3454 E-mail: <u>sbc@unep.ch</u> www.basel.int
CCOHS	The Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS) is a Canadian federal government agency based in Hamilton, Ontario, which serves to support the vision of eliminating all Canadian work-related illnesses and injuries.	http://www.ccohs.ca/resources/ http://www.inchem.org/	CCOHS website has a variety of free resources on safer use of pesticides and an extensive list of weblinks for organisations concerned with occupational health, particularly in North America. IPCS INCHEM is produced through cooperation between the International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) and	http://www.ccohs.ca CCOHS, 135 Hunter St E, Hamilton, ON L8N 1M5 Tel: 1-800-668-4284

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CDPR PISP	California Department of Pesticide Regulation Pesticide Illness Surveillance Program (CDPR PISP)	www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/whs/pisp.ht m Preventing pesticide illness (this is a brief document describing the PISP and the types of data collected.) www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/whs/pisp/br ochure.pdf - 2008-12-25 Community Guide to Recognizing and Reporting Pesticide Problems (includes an incident report form) www.cdpr.ca.gov/docs/dept/comgui de/commty_guide.pdf - 2008-05-24	the Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). IPCS INCHEM offers electronic access to thousands of searchable full-text documents on chemical risks and the sound management of chemicals, helping countries fulfill their commitments under UNCED's Agenda 21, Chapter 19. The Pesticide Illness Surveillance Program has been operating in California for over 30 years. CalPIQ-California Pesticide Illness Query-retrieves the most frequently requested information from DPR's Pesticide Illness Surveillance Program (PISP) database. The CDPR make several publications available on their website and release annual PISP reports that summarize the cases identified during a calendar year.	Telephone: (916) 445-3974 1001 I Street, P.O. Box 4015 Sacramento, CA 95812 <u>http://apps.cdpr.ca.g</u> ov/calpiq/
CGIAR	Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research, CGIAR, is a	http://www.cgiar.org	Links can be found from this site to each of the 15 international agricultural research	SP-IPM Secretariat International
	strategic alliance of countries, international and regional organizations and private foundations supporting 15 international agricultural centres that work with national agricultural research systems and civil society, mobilising agricultural science to reduce	SP-IPM. Health Risks And Economic Losses From Pesticide Residues And Mycotoxins <u>http://www.spipm.cgiar.org/food-feed-and-environmental-safety/-</u> /asset_publisher/I4qc/content/healt <u>h-risks-and-economic-losses-from-pesticide-residues-and-</u>	centres around the world. A search function also provides papers on a variety of subjects, including the prevention of pesticide residues in foods and integrated pest management. The CGIAR Systemwide Program on	Institute of Tropical Agriculture, Ibadan, Nigeria International mailing address: IITA, Carolyn House, 26 Dingwall Road, Croydon, CR9 3EE,

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	promote agricultural growth and protect the environment.	and-environmental-safety SP-IPM. 2009. IPM Research Brief No. 7. Advances in Preventing and Managing Contaminants in Foods, Feeds, and the Environment	global partnership that fosters collaborative research to: 1) adapt IPM to climate change; 2) manage food, feed, and environmental contaminants; and 3) improve agroecosystem resilience.	SP-IPM@cgiar.org www.spipm.cgiar.org
CLI	CropLife International (CLI) is a global federation representing the plant science industry. It addresses international developments in the area of crop protection (pesticides), agbiotechnology (GMOs) and sustainable agriculture.	Crop protection stewardship activities of the plant science industry - a stocktaking report <u>http://www.croplife.org/view_docu</u> <u>ment.aspx?docId=3317</u>	CLI have various publications relating to industry figures, position papers and relevant policy frameworks and regulations. These are freely available on their website.	CropLife International aisbl Avenue Louise 326, Box 35 B - 1050 Brussels Belgium Tel +32 2 542 0410 Fax +32 2 542 04 19 croplife@croplife.org www.croplife.org
EC DG Environment	The Directorate-General for the Environment is one of the more than 40 Directorates-General and services that make up the European Commission. Commonly referred to as DG Environment, the objective of the Directorate-General is to protect, preserve and improve the environment for present and future generations.	The European Commission publishes its official documents in all the EU languages (see the EUR-Lex database on http://eur-lex.europa.eu The Europa site offers more information on the Commission's work, including its environment policy, in a variety of languages (see http://europa.eu/pol/env/index en. htm). REACH in Brief http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ch emicals/reach/pdf/2007 02 reach i n brief.pdf New Regulation for Classification, Labelling and Packaging of	REACH is a new European Community Regulation on chemicals and their safe use (EC 1907/2006). It deals with the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemical substances. The new law entered into force on 1 June 2007. In the coming decade, REACH will place the burden of proof on industry, which has to collect or generate the data necessary to ensure the safe use of chemicals. This data will be publicly available through the central database held at the <u>European</u> <u>Chemicals Agency</u> . The Thematic Strategy on the sustainable use of pesticides was adopted in 2006 by the European Commission, together with a proposal for a Framework Directive on the	European Commission Environment DG B - 1049 Brussels Belgium Tel: 00 800 6 7 8 9 10 11 <u>EUROPE DIRECT</u> mailbox <u>http://ec.europa.eu/</u> <u>environment/pubs/h</u> <u>ome.htm</u>

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
		Substances and Mixtures (CLP Regulation, January 2009) <u>http://eur-</u> <u>lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ</u> <u>.do?uri=OJ:L:2008:353:0001:1355:EN</u> <u>:PDF</u>	sustainable use of pesticides. For the time being, Commission has proposed to restrict the scope of the Framework Directive to plant protection products. The intention is, however, to include biocides in the scope as soon as possible.	
		Framework Directive on the Sustainable Use of Pesticides and Regulation on Authorization of Plant Protection Products <u>http://ec.europa.eu/environment/ch</u> <u>emicals/pesticides.htm</u>		
		Regulation concerning the Placing on the Market and Use of Biocidal Products <u>http://ec.europa.eu/environment/biocides/revision.htm</u>		
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is the national agency responsible for developing and enforcing regulations in line with US environmental legislation.	Voluntary Incident Reporting Forms and Instructions http://www.fifra6a2.com/ Pesticides: Health and Safety: Resources http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/safe ty/resource.htm	The EPA Pesticide Program web site provides resources on pesticide safety, chemical information, pesticide registration, and legislation. <u>http://www.epa.gov/pesticides</u>	Environmental Protection Agency Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20460 Tel: (202) 272-0167
		Final Report Saliva Bio-monitoring for Organophosphorus Pesticide Exposures in Children 01-25-2006 http://cfpub.epa.gov/ncer_abstracts /index.cfm/fuseaction/display.abstra ctDetail/abstract/813/report/F		http://www.epa.gov/ epahome

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
GEF	Global Environment Facility, GEF, provides technical and financial assistance to developing countries and countries with economies in transition to address global environmental issues while supporting national sustainable development initiatives. The GEF partnership includes 10	GEF. Cleaning Up Ridding the world of dangerous chemicals <u>http://www.gefweb.org/uploadedFil</u> <u>es/Publications/Cleaning-up.pdf</u>	GEF has a focus on persistent organic pollutants (POPs) and has supported initiatives in relation to POPs pesticides, including the Africa Stockpiles Programme. Publications on their website include issues such as tackling POPs and alternatives for termite control.	Link Global Environment Facility Secretariat. http://www.gefweb. org/
HEAL	agencies. The Health and Environment Alliance (HEAL) is a non-governmental organization that advocates for stronger environmental protection in Europe as a mean of protecting human health.	http://www.env-health.org/ Pesticides and health policy updates http://www.env-health.org/a/3467 Pesticides and Health Monthly E- News http://www.env- health.org/IMG/pdf/Pesticides and Health Enews - january 09.pdf	HEAL produce regular updates on European policy and legislation in relation to pesticides as well related news items and campaign updates. A 'resources and media' section of the website provides a variety of other resources and links.	Info@enviro- health.org
ILO	International Labour Organization (ILO) is a specialised UN agency which aims to promote rights at work, encourage decent employment opportunities, enhance social protection and strengthen dialogue in handling work-related issues.	ILO encylopaedia of Occupational Safety and Health <u>http://www.ilo.org/safework/cis/WC</u> <u>MS 113329/langen/index.htm</u> ILO Convention No. 184 on safety and health in agriculture <u>http://www.ilo.org/dyn/normlex/en</u> <u>/f?p=1000:12100:0::NO::P12100 INS</u> <u>TRUMENT_ID:312329</u> Survey of pesticide formulation plants in Tanzania: occupational and environmental health perspectives. E.E. Lekei, J. Akhabuhaya, H. Mkalanga.	The ILO conducts research and encourages dialogue on specific economic sectors including agriculture, plantations and other rural sectors. It has numerous resources available on the website, including case study material relating to pesticides.	4 route des Morillons CH-1211 Genève 22 Switzerland Switchboard: +41 (0) 22 799 6111 +41 (0) 22 799 6111 Fax: +41 (0) 22 798 8685 Website: http://www.ilo.org E-mail: ilo@ilo.org

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		In African newsletter on occupational health and safety. (Helsinki : FIOH : International Labour Office.) Vol. 17, no. 2 (Aug. 2007) p. 50-53 <u>http://www.ttl.fi/en/publications/el</u> <u>ectronic_journals/african_newsletter</u> /african_archives/Documents/africa <u>n_newsletter2_2007.pdf</u>		
IFCS	The Intergovernmental Forum on Chemical Safety (IFCS) is a forum, hosted by the UN World Health Organisation, to promote strategies and partnerships in the area of chemicals management among governments, inter-governmental agencies and non-governmental organisations. IFCS was established in 1994 in response to a recommendation adopted at the United Nations Conference on Environment & Development in 1992.	IFCS. 2008. Acutely toxic pesticides: a global guide to resources. Intergovernmental Forum on Chemical Safety, Geneva, Switzerland http://www.who.int/entity/ifcs/doc uments/champions/atp_web_prel.d oc Applying precaution in the context of chemical safety; tools, case examples and selected references. http://www.who.int/ifcs/documents /forums/forum5/precaution/en/inde x.html Occupational Safety & Health Issues and the Work of IFCS 2003 Arabic [pdf 601kb] Chinese [pdf 199kb] English [pdf 27kb] French [pdf 33kb] Russian [pdf 260kb] Spanish [pdf 32kb] http://www.who.int/ifcs/documents /forums/forum4/en/08w_f4_en.pdf	The IFCS operates a forum standing committee on Acutely Toxic Pesticides (ATP), a designation that that has been applied to crop protection products classified under the WHO's class 1a and 1b classifications based upon acute toxicity. Forum sessions are held every 2-3 years. IPCS INCHEM is produced through cooperation between the International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) and the Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS). IPCS INCHEM offers electronic access to thousands of searchable full-text documents on chemical risks and the sound management of chemicals, helping countries fulfill their commitments under UNCED's Agenda 21, Chapter 19.	http://www.who.int/ ifcs/en/

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
		http://www.inchem.org/		
IOMC	 The Inter-Organization Programme for the Sound Management of Chemicals (IOMC) was established in 1995 to strengthen cooperation and increase coordination in the field of chemical safety. The seven participating organizations of the IOMC are: the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) the International Labour Organization (ILO) the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) the United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) the United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR) the World Health organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) In addition, two observer organizations are also participating in the IOMC: United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) 	This IOMC source guide for SAICM implementation lists materials available from IOMC organizations on chemicals management: <u>National Implementation of SAICM:</u> <u>A Guide to Resource, Guidance, and</u> <u>Training Materials of IOMC</u> <u>Participating Organisations (English)</u> [pdf 324kb] <u>Developing a Capacity Assessment for the Sound Management of Chemicals and National SAICM Implementation (English) [pdf <u>305kb]</u> This guidance document aims to assist countries in preparing a national SAICM capacity assessment.</u>	The IOMC develops documents on issues of common interest to stakeholders working in chemical management. In particular, the IOMC has issued documents of direct relevance to <u>SAICM</u> . Many of the publications are available in French, Russian, Chinese, Arabic and Spanish.	<u>infolOMC@who.int</u>

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	World Bank			
IPCS	The International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), established in 1980, is a cooperative venture between WHO, ILO and UNEP. WHO is the Executing Agency of the IPCS, whose main roles are to establish the scientific basis for safe use of chemicals, and to strengthen national capabilities and capacities for chemical safety.	 Information Products IPCS European Commission Evaluation of Antidotes Series IPCS INCHEM IPCS INTOX Databank IPCS Poisons Information Monographs IPCS Treatment Guides IPCS Guidelines on the Prevention of Toxic Exposures Pesticide Safety Data Sheets IPCS International Project on the Epidemiology of Human Pesticide Exposures plans to develop a range of tools for data collection and processing on human exposure to pesticides as well as information and training resources. Not available at time of going to press. http://www.who.int/ipcs/features/p esticides/en/ 	The IPCS programme on Poisoning Prevention and Management seeks to build capacity in countries to deal with these problems. An important area of activity is promoting the establishment and strengthening of poisons centres - work carried out under the IPCS INTOX Programme. A world directory of poisons centres (YellowTox) is maintained. Other activities include the provision of information on chemicals, the provision of information management tools, and the development of internationally peer-reviewed guidelines concerning the prevention and clinical management of poisoning. IPCS INCHEM, produced through cooperation between the International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) and the Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), offers quick and easy electronic access to thousands of searchable full-text documents on chemical risks and the sound management of chemicals.	International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) World Health Organization 20 Avenue Appia CH-1211 Geneva 27 Switzerland E-mail: ipcsmail@who.int Fax: +41 22 791 4848 Web site: http://www.who.int/ ipcs/
IPEN	The International POPs Elimination Network (IPEN) is a global network of more than 700 public interest non- governmental organisations working together for the elimination of persistent organic pollutants	The Body Burden Community Monitoring Handbook <u>http://www.chemicalbodyburden.or</u> g/hb_index.htm Hazardous Pesticides and SAICM A Framework for Action to Protect Human Health and the Environment from Hazardous Pesticides	The Community Monitoring Working Group (CMWG) is a group within IPEN that focuses on community monitoring and body burden testing as a campaign tool to support the implementation of the Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants and help reduce chemical trespass. The CMWG also reviews body burden data to identify new POPs.	IPEN Secretariat: <u>ipen@ipen.org</u> <u>www.ipen.org</u>

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
Integrated Plant Protection Center (IPPC)	Integrated Plant Protection Center (IPPC) is hosted by Oregon State University.	By Jack Weinberg Senior Policy Advisor International POPs Elimination Network http://www.ecoaccord.org/pop/doc /HazPesticidesGuide_R3.pdfhttp://www.ecoaccord.org/pop/doc /HazPesticidesGuide_R3.pdfhttp://www.ipmnet.org/Rothlein, J. and J. J. Jenkins. 2000. Oregon Pesticide Use Reporting System Analytical Review. Report to the Oregon Department of Agriculture, 175 p.Jenkins, J. J. and D. L. Sudakin. 2006. Perchlorate Incidence in Oregon and Human Health Considerations. 	The Body Burden Community Monitoring Handbook is an initiative of the CMWG and contains several relevant case studies, references and web links. Additional resources on the website include position papers on particular chemicals and in relation to Conferences of the Parties for the Stockholm Convention. The IPPC website has learning resources and references on a variety of topics including a resources page entitled 'Pesticides: Environmental Toxicology and Risk Assessment. Recent Reports.' http://www.ipmnet.org/Pesticide Toxicolo gy/Pesticide_Toxicology_Main_Page.htm	Integrated Plant Protection Center - Oregon State University 2040 Cordley Hall - Corvallis, Oregon 97331-4501 tel: 541-737-3541 fax: 541-737-3080 www.ipmnet.org
ISDE	International Society of Doctors for the Environment, ISDE, is an environmental NGO of medical doctors. It is an independent, non-	ain page.html A range of publications and links are given in relation to environmental health at http://www.isde.org/publications/	ISDE have a clear focus on environmental health and have published declarations on persistent organic environmental chemicals in relation to children's health and the	info@isde.org

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	governmental non-profit		pharmaceutical use of lindane, for	
	organisation. Created in1990, it has	For example:	example.	
	national and regional member			
	organization in over 35 countries. The	UNEP, ILO, WHO. Principles for Evaluating Health Risks in		
	Executive Office of ISDE is located in	Children Associated with Exposure		
	Switzerland which coordinates	to Chemicals.		
	research, information and training	http://www.who.int/ipcs/publicatio		
	activities.	ns/ehc/ehc237.pdf		
	detivities.	What will new EU Chemicals		
	ISDE has consultative status with	Legislation Deliver for Public Health?		
	WHO and UN ECOSOC (since 2002).	http://www.ideaireland.org/reach a		
		rticle_Nov2007.pdf		
		Children's Environmental		
		Health in Argentina: Evaluation of		
		Organophosphate Pesticide Exposure in the Children of Tobacco Growers		
		http://www.aamma.org/wp-		
		content/uploads/2010/02/CEHInArg		
		entinaEvaluationofOrganophosohate		
		PesticideExposureintheChildrenOftob		
	The Missourt Clinicians Network	accoGrowers2007.pdf	MCN website here links and recourses an	Minunat
MCN	The Migrant Clinicians Network (MCN) is a United States, not-for-	http://www.migrantclinician.org/res ources intro.html	MCN website has links and resources on occupational health for agricultural workers	Migrant Clinicians
	profit organization founded in 1984		and the diagnosis, treatment and clinical	Network
	by clinicians working in migrant	A migrant farmworker occupational	effects of pesticide poisoning. It also has	P.O. Box 164285
	health.	health reference manual for the	public information materials on the safer	Austin, TX 78716
		diagnosis and treatment of migrant	use of pesticides and links to case studies	Tel: (512) 327-
		and seasonal farm workers.	of incidents of pesticide poisoning.	2017
		http://www.migrantclinician.org/too Isource/resource/migrant-		http://www.mig rantclinician.org
		farmworker-occupational-health-		
		reference-manual.html		
NTN	The National Toxics Network (NTN) is	NTN Pesticide Spray Drift Reporting	NTN offer a range of links and information	PO Box 173
	a community based network of non-	Form.	resources on their website.	Bangalow

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	governmental organizations working	http://www.ntn.org.au/wp/wp-		NSW
	in Australia, New Zealand and the	content/uploads/2012/04/NTN-	The Chemical Conventions Handbook offers	2479
	South Pacific for pollution reduction,	FORM-final.pdf	information on five chemical conventions	Tel: 02 6687 1900
	protection of environmental health		and their common elements with an aim to	info@ntn.org.au
	and environmental justice for all.	NTN. 2009. THE THREAT OF	support the environmentally sound	
		PESTICIDE SPRAY DRIFT. A	management of toxic chemicals and	
	Internationally, NTN has represented	community information and action	hazardous waste in developing countries	
	NGOs at the OECD Chemical Joint	<i>kit .</i> Immig, J.	and countries with economies in transition.	
	Meetings and is actively involved in	http://www.ntn.org.au/wp/wp-		
	the Intergovernmental Forum on	content/uploads/2012/04/NTN-		
	Chemical Safety (IFCS) providing an	SPRAYDRIFT-A5-Lo-res.pdf		
	Australian focal point for their			
	INFOCAP information and capacity	NTN. 2007. The Chemical		
	building program.	Conventions Handbook.		
		http://www.ntn.org.au/cchandbook/		
		<u>index.html</u>		
NIOSH	The National Institute for	NIOSH. 2005. Pesticide related illness	NIOSH and the Environmental Protection	
	Occupational Safety and Health	and injury surveillance – a how-to	Agency conduct surveillance for	
	(NIOSH) is the US federal agency	guide for state-based programs.	occupational pesticide-related illness and	1-800-CDC-INFO (1-
	responsible for conducting research	National Institute for Occupational	injury through the SENSOR-Pesticides	800-232-4636)
	and making recommendations for the	Safety and Health, Cincinnati, USA.	program.	Outside the U.S. 513-
	prevention of work-related injury and	DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 2006-		533-8328
	illness.	102 (2006)	The publication entitled 'Pesticide related	Email:
		http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/pe	illness and injury surveillance – a how-to	cdcinfo@cdc.gov
	NIOSH has funded eight Agricultural	<u>sticides/</u>	guide for state-based programs' provides	1-888-232-6348 TTY
	Health and Safety		information on how to develop and	1-888-232-0348 111
	Centers throughout the US which	State-based Pesticide Poisoning	maintain surveillance programs for acute	In English on Español
	involve clinicians and other health	Surveillance Programs	and subacute health effects from pesticide	In English, en Español
	specialists in the area of pesticide-	http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/pe	exposure. The manual (which provides a	24 Hours/Day, Every
	related illness and injury.	sticides/Statebase.html	case classification scheme, severity index,	Day
			and sample data collection forms in the	
		Case definition, Severity Index and	appendices), along with the standardised	
		Standardized Variables	variables and the SENSOR-Pesticides	
		http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/pe	Incident Data Entry and Reporting (SPIDER)	
		sticides/case.html	software, are intended to simplify and	
			streamline the surveillance system	http://www.cdc.gov/
		MMWR Articles	development process.	niosh/topics/pesticid

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
		Articles in Peer-Reviewed Journals http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/pe sticides/journal.html		es/contact.html
NPIC	The National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) is based at Oregon	The websites for NPIC and NPMMP are linked and provide a wide range	NPIC serves as a source of science-based pesticide information on a wide range of	National Pesticide Information Center
and	State University in the USA and is cooperatively sponsored by the	of resources, for example: http://npic.orst.edu/index.es.html	pesticide-related topics, such as recognition and management of pesticide	Oregon State University
NPMMP	University and EPA.		poisonings, safety information, health and environmental effects, referrals for	333 Weniger Hall Corvallis, OR 97331-
	The National Pesticide Medical	University of Texas Health Science	investigation of pesticide incidents and	6502
	Monitoring Program (NPMMP) is a cooperative agreement between the United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Pesticide Programs, and Oregon State University.	Center at San Antonio (UTHSCSA). Recognizing, Treating, and Preventing Health Risks from Agricultural Pesticides D. Sudakin and L. Power Available at: http://oregonstate.edu/npmmp/EM	emergency treatment for both humans and animals, and cleanup and disposal procedures.	<u>http://npic.orst.edu/i</u> <u>ndex.es.html</u>
		PP_Pesticides.pdf Biomarker of Organophosphate Exposure, Effect, and Genetic Susceptibility. 2007.		E-mail: npic@ace.orst.edu
		http://oregonstate.edu/npmmp/AC MTSudakinOPs.pdf		
OECD	The Organisation for Economic Co- operation and Development (OECD) is an intergovernmental organisation in which representatives of 30 industrialised countries in North America, Europe and the Asia and Pacific region, as well as the European Commission, meet to co- ordinate and harmonise policies, discuss issues of mutual concern, and	A series of guidance notes have been produced, which are freely available from the website, covering issues such as risk reduction and registration. e.g. No. 14 <i>Guidance Notes for</i> <i>Analysis and Evaluation of Chronic</i> <i>Toxicity and Carcinogenicity Studies</i> (2002). http://www.oecd.org/LongAbstract/	The Pesticide Programme helps OECD governments to co-operate in assessing and reducing the risks of agricultural pesticides. The programme focuses on "plant protection" pesticides, most notably those used in agriculture. Non-agricultural pesticides are dealt with under the OECD Biocide Programme. http://www.oecd.org/env/chemicalsafetya ndbiosafety/agriculturalpesticidesandbioci	OECD 2, rue André Pascal 75775 Paris Cedex 16 France Tel.: +33 1 45 24 82 00 Fax: +33 1 45 24 85 00
	work together to respond to international problems.	0,3425,en_2649_34383_1944186_1	des/agriculturalpesticidesprogramme.htm	www.oecd.org

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
		<u>1_1_1,00.html</u>	http://www.oecd.org/env/chemicalsafetya	
			ndbiosafety/agriculturalpesticidesandbioci	
		Also of relevance:	des/biocidesprogramme.htm	
		Activities to reduce pesticide risks in		
		OECD and selected FAO Countries.	The OECD Pesticide Risk Reduction Project	
		1996.	was initiated in 1994 to promote pesticide	
		Document No. OCDE/GD(96)121.	risk reduction. The following webpage	
		Organization for Economic Co-	provides more information and links.	
		operation and Development, Paris,	http://www.oecd.org/env/chemicalsafetya	
		France.	ndbiosafety/agriculturalpesticidesandbioci	
			des/pesticideriskreduction.htm	
		Report of the OECD pesticide risk		
		reduction steering group. The second		
		risk reduction survey. 2006.		
		Document No.		
		ENV/JM/MONO(2006)14.		
		Organization for Economic Co-		
		operation		
		and Development, Paris, France.		
OEHRU	Centre for Occupational and	Rother, H-A and Jacobs, R. (2008)	OEHRU provide several briefing documents,	www.oehru.uct.ac.za
	Environmental Health Research,	Pesticide Health Risks For South	the Southern African Pesticides Newsletter	/services/services.ph
	University of Cape Town.	African Emerging Farmers. Surplus	and other resources.	<u>p</u>
		Peoples Project, Cape Town, South		
		Africa. Translated versions in	OEHRU also hosts The Pesticides List	University of Cape
		Afrikaans and Zulu.	Server('VULA'), a means of broadcasting	Town, Private Bag X3,
		http://www.spp.org.za/booklets/pes	messages to a wide range of individuals	Rondebosch 7701,
		ticide booklet.pdf	with interests in pesticides issues. The	South Africa
			intention of this list is to provide an African	
		Policy briefs	based forum for information sharing (e.g.,	
		http://www.coehr.uct.ac.za/publicat	news, articles, incidences), debates, and	
		ions/pestrel.php	assisting in problem solving related to	
			pesticides.	
		Brief 1 Reducing pesticide risks	Help@vula.uct.ac.za	
		through building capacity of African		
		regulators		
		Brief 2 Acute pesticide poisoning and		
		the need for national surveillance		

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
		systems - The Case Example of Tanzania Brief 3 South-South collaboration for pesticide safety Brief 4 Pesticide Laboratory Capacity in the SADC Region - A Vital Link in Pesticide Risk Reduction Brief 5 Reducing the impact of pesticides through Community Pesticide Monitoring		
Oregon Department of Agriculture, Pesticides Division	The Pesticides Division regulates the sale and use of pesticides and fertilizers in the State of Oregon, USA.	Pesticide Poisoning. InvestigativeGuidelines. Oregon Health Division;1995. Available from:http://public.health.oregon.gov/DiseasesConditions/CommunicableDisease/ReportingCommunicableDisease/ReportingGuidelines/Documents/pesticid.pdfPesticide Use Reporting System2008 Annual Reporthttp://www.oregon.gov/ODA/PEST/docs/pdf/pursreport08web.pdfPesticide Use Reporting System2007 Annual Reporthttp://www.oregon.gov/ODA/PEST/docs/pdf/pursreport08web.pdf	In 1999 the Oregon Legislature authorized development of the Oregon Pesticide Use Reporting System (PURS). The 2007 report was the first to include information from a mandatory electronic reporting of pesticide use statewide. The 2007 annual report also includes data from a household pesticide use survey. However, due to state budget constraints, PURS has been suspended from July 2009- January 2013.	Oregon Department of Agriculture Pesticides Division 635 Capitol Street Salem, OR 97301 Tel: 503-986-4635 503-986-4635 Fax: 503-986-4735 http://www.oregon.g ov/ODA/PEST/purs_i ndex.shtml
PBC	The Pacific Basin Consortium for Environment and Health (previously the Pacific Basin Consortium on Hazardous Wastes) provides a forum for discussion and collaboration to individuals and organizations involved in		As the communications center for the Consortium, the PBC Secretariat organizes and coordinates newsletters, website updates, conferences, training activities and research projects.	Pacific Basin Consortium for Environment & Health East-West Center, Research Program 1601 East-West Road

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	research and policies relating to environment and health issues in the Pacific Basin.			Honolulu, Hawaii 96848 United States Fax:(808) 944-7399 Email: <u>info@pacificbasin.or</u> g
РАНО	The Pan American Health Organization (PAHO) is an international public health agency with more than 100 years of experience in the Americas. It serves as the Regional Office for the Americas of the World Health Organization.	Epidemiological Surveillance System for Acute Pesticide Poisoning. Epidemiological Bulletin, Vol. 22 No. 4, December 2001 <u>http://www.amro.who.int/English/S</u> <u>HA/be_v22n4-cover.htm</u>	PAHO have numerous relevant references and resources, including case study material.	http://new.paho.org
PAN-Asia Pacific	The Pesticide Action Network Asia - Pacific, or PAN-AP, is an independent, non-profit organisation. There are also PAN centres for Europe, North America and Africa. See also PAN-UK. Each <u>PAN Centre</u> is independent, focusing on regional priorities. Together, the network meets common goals to tackle pesticide poisoning and contamination.	CPAK module on Health - (English, Bahasa Malaysia, Bahasa Indonesia and Chinese versions available) <i>Warning! Pesticides are dangerous</i> <i>to your health</i> By: S. Rengam and R. Quijano/ PAN AP, 1999 http://www.panap.net/sites/default /files/cpak_pesticides_dangerous_to _your_health.pdf Health Record Cards Example of self-surveillance cards From: CPAM Resource Centre, www.panap http://p7953.typo3server.info/48.0. html?&no_cache=1&tx_ttnews%5Bp ointer%5D=6&tx_ttnews%5BbackPid%5D =53&cHash=f768881264	Community-based Pesticide Action Monitoring (CPAM) is a methodology that was developed by PAN-AP in the 1990's and has been adapted and tested on a pilot scale in several African countries in recent years . The CPAM Resource Centre can be found on the PAN-AP website. This Resource Centre provides: • Background information on CPAM for the general public and interested CBOs/CSOs new to the programme • CPAM materials included modules for use at the community level • Community Reports from CPAM activities and other sources • Pesticides-related information materials • The Asian Pesticide Database containing regulatory information of several Asian	PAN Asia and the Pacific P.O. Box 1170, Penang 10850 Malaysia Tel: 604-657 0271 or 604-656 0381 Fax: 604-6583960 E- mail: <u>panap@panap.</u> <u>net</u> Web: <u>www.panap.ne</u> <u>t</u>

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
			countries	
PAN-NA	Pesticide Action Network promotes		PAN-NA make a variety of resources	Pesticide Action
	the elimination of highly hazardous	PAN Pesticide Database website at	available on their website concerning	Network North
Pesticide Action	pesticides and offers solutions that	http://www.pesticideinfo.org	pesticides and their impact on health.	America
Network North	protect people and the environment.			49 Powell St., Suite
America	protect people and the environment.	Visit the PAN Online Pesticide	In 2003, PANNA launched a new tool for	500
, include	PAN North America is one of five	Poisoning Diagnostic Tool at:	the diagnosis, treatment and reporting of	San Francisco, CA
	independent regional centers of PAN	http://www.pesticideinfo.org	pesticide related illness an online	94102
	International.		database with a set of search capabilities	USA
		For PANUPS (free on-line updates)	that link pesticides with both symptoms of	Tel:
		go to:	exposure and information on how and	(415) 981-1771
		http://www.panna.org/resources/pa	where pesticides are used within the U.S.	(415) 981-1771
		nups	Now available on the PAN Pesticide	(country code 1)
			Database website at	(000.000) 200.00 27
			http://www.pesticideinfo.org	panna@panna.org
			The Pesticide Action Network Updates	
			Service (PANUPS) is a free international	
			news service covering the latest research	
			and developments in pesticides,	
			environmental health and alternatives,	
			including research, regulatory and other	
			policy decisions, and activism related to	
			sustainable agriculture, human rights and	
			food systems.	
PAN-UK	The Pesticide Action Network (UK), or	The following resources are available	PAN UK has worked in collaboration with	Development House
	PAN-UK, is an independent, non-	from PAN-UK.	the Secretariat of the Rotterdam	56-64 Leonard Street
	profit organisation.		Convention and with PAN-Asia Pacific to	London EC2A 4JX
		List of Lists	adapt community-based surveillance	England
	There are also PAN centres for	A catalogue of lists of pesticides	methodologies for pesticide impacts to the	
	Europe, North America, Asia Pacific	identifying those associated with	Africa context. Several reports are	
	and Africa. Each PAN Centre is	particularly harmful or	available.	Phone: +44 (0) 20
	independent, focusing on regional	environmental impacts		7065 0905
	priorities. Together, the network	http://www.pan-	PAN UK's Pesticides and Alternatives	Fax: +44 (0) 20
	meets common goals to tackle	uk.org/List%20of%20Lists.html	Database has links to:	7065 0907
			• over 5000 articles, reports and books	

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	pesticide poisoning and contamination.	International Tools for Preventing Local Pesticide Problems: A consolidated guide to the codes and conventions <u>http://www.pan-</u> <u>uk.org/archive/Projects/Poverty/con</u> <u>Guide.html</u> Community Based Monitoring and the Chemical Conventions <u>http://www.pan-</u> <u>uk.org/archive/PDFs/Community%20</u> <u>Based%20Monitoring.pdf</u>	relating to the health and environmental effects of pesticides, and alternatives to their use. 800 Pesticides News articles 700 pesticide evaluations/factsheets 600 books and large reports 3000 scientific journal articles A photographic database acts as an archive of pictures is also available. The majority of photos come from PAN UK's work in Africa	Email: <u>pan-uk@pan-uk.org</u> <u>www.pan-uk.org</u>
PSR	Physicians for Social Responsibility (PSR) is a non-profit advocacy organisation that is the medical and public health voice for policies to prevent nuclear war and proliferation and to slow, stop and reverse global warming and toxic degradation of the environment. It is a national organization (USA) of physicians, health care professionals, and citizens working to create a world free of nuclear weapons, global environmental pollution and gun violence.	PSR. Pediatric Environmental Health Toolkit <u>http://www.psr.org/resources/pedia</u> <u>tric-toolkit.html</u>	The PSR website have several articles and resources of relevance to pesticides and health. In particular, references to biomonitoring as well as a Pediatric Environmental Health Tool Kit, which is a combination of reference and course materials for health providers and health education materials on preventing exposures to toxic chemicals and other substances that affect infant and child health.	PSR 1875 Connecticut Ave, NW Suite 1012 Washington DC 20009 Tel:202.667.4260 www.psr.org
Rotterdam Convention Secretariat (PIC)	The text of the Convention was adopted in 1998 and the Convention entered into force in 2004. Oversight of the implementation of the Rotterdam Convention is undertaken by the Conference of the Parties (COP). The COP and its	Numerous guidance documents are available and have been compiled within a larger resource kit. All such resources are available from the PIC website. <u>http://www.pic.int/</u> Examples include: Guidance to Designated National	The Resource Kit is a comprehensive source of information on the Rotterdam Convention intended to assist countries in the ratification process and in the implementation of the Convention. Resources are available in English, Chinese, Arabic, Russian, Spanish and French. <u>http://www.pic.int/Implementation/Resou</u>	Secretariat for the Rotterdam Convention Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Viale delle Terme di Caracalla 00153 Rome

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	subsidiary bodies are serviced by a	Authorities on the Operation of the	rceKit/tabid/1064/language/en-	Italy
	secretariat, housed in UN-FAO in	Rotterdam Convention.	<u>US/Default.aspx</u>	Tel: +39 06 5705
	Rome, Italy and in UNEP, Geneva, Switzerland.	http://www.pic.int/Implementation/ RessourceKit/tabid/1064/language/e n-US/Default.aspx#GUIDANCEINFO Forms and Instructions for the key operational elements. http://www.pic.int/Implementation/ RessourceKit/tabid/1064/language/e n- US/Default.aspx#DOCUMENTSMPLE MENTATION	The Secretariat of the Rotterdam Convention has also developed an electronic learning (e-Learning) tool with the goal of providing technical training to Designated National Authorities (DNA) and other interested stakeholders for the implementation of the Convention. One module covers the completion and submission of an SHPF incident report form. <u>http://www.pic.int/Implementation/ELearn</u> ingTool/tabid/1065/language/en- <u>US/Default.aspx</u>	2188 Fax: +39 06 5705 3224 Email: pic@fao.org Secretariat for the Rotterdam Convention United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) 11-13 Chemin des Anémones CH-1219 Châtelaine Geneva Switzerland Tel: +41 22 917 8296 Fax: +41 22 917 8082 Email: pic@pic.int
SAICM	The Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management (SAICM) is a policy framework to promote chemical safety around the world. SAICM was adopted by the International Conference on Chemicals Management (ICCM) in Dubai in 2006.	Information services currently under development.	One of the functions of the SAICM secretariat is to provide information clearinghouse services such as provision of advice to countries on implementation of the Strategic Approach, referral of requests for information to relevant sources, and facilitation of access to information and expertise in support of specific national actions. This clearing-house function will be performed principally on the basis of a web-based facility currently under development.	www.saicm.org
Stockholm	The Stockholm Convention on	Additional information is available	The website gives information on the	Secretariat of the
Convention	Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs) is	on planned action in relation to DDT.	Convention itself, as well as programmes	Stockholm
Secretariat	a global treaty to protect human	http://chm.pops.int/Programmes/D	and partnerships and some training tools	

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	health and the environment from chemicals that remain intact in the environment for long periods, become widely distributed geographically and accumulate in the fatty tissue of humans and wildlife. The Stockholm Convention, which was adopted in 2001 and entered into force 2004, requires Parties to take measures to eliminate or reduce the release of POPs into the environment. The Convention is administered by the United Nations Environment Programme and based in Geneva, Switzerland.	DT/Overview/tabid/378/language/e n-US/Default.aspx Information on the characteristics of the newly listed (2009) chemicals are given at <u>http://chm.pops.int/Convention/The</u> POPs/TheNewPOPs/tabid/2511/Defa ult.aspx	on POPs waste. Initially 9 pesticides were listed by the Stockholm Convention; aldrin, chlordane, DDT, dieldrin, endrin, heptachlor, hexachlorobenzene, mirex, toxaphene. The following were added in 2009; chlordecone, alpha hexachlorocyclohexane, beta hexachlorocyclohexane, lindane, pentachlorobenzene.	Convention United Nations Environment Programme International Environment House I 11-13 Chemin des Anemones 1219 Chatelaine, Geneva, Switzerland Telephone: +41 22 917 87 29 +41 22 917 87 29 Facsimile: +41 22 917 80 98 E-mail: <u>ssc@pops.int</u> www.pops.int
NIOH	The National Institute for Occupational Health, NIOH, is South Africa's major centre for occupational health development, training, service support and research.	Cholinesterase activity in workers exposed to organophosphate pesticides at a coffee plantation. http://www.nioh.ac.za/publications. php?main=view&item=3&pubid=431 Biological monitoring for organophosphate/carbamate pesticides - the cholinesterase assay (letter). http://www.nioh.ac.za/publications. php?main=view&item=3&pubid=437 Pesticide exposure and	NIOH have a range of references on their website, but not all are available to the general public. NIOH were partners in the Work and Health in Southern Africa (WAHSA) Programme, which focused on occupational safety and health, including pesticides issues.: Phase I of the WAHSA Programme has come to an end, and the funding agency Sida has withdrawn its support for a possible Phase II.	Www.nioh.ac.za/site Ms. C. Nogueira (for NIOH Project 7 Team) +27(01)1-712- 6467 claudina.nogueira@n ioh.nhls.ac.za

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
		cholinesterase levels among farm		
		workers in the Republic of South		
		Africa.		
		http://www.nioh.ac.za/publications.		
		php?main=view&item=3&pubid=401		
		php:main-view@item=3@publid=401		
UNEP	The United Nations Environment	UNEP. 2006. Sound management of	UNEP's Chemicals Branch has activities in	United Nations
	Programme, UNEP, was established in	pesticides and diagnosis and	the field of pesticides, and also maintains	Environment
	1972 to voice environmental concerns	treatment of pesticide	the thematic DDT Information System and	Programme (UNEP)
	within the United Nations system.	poisonings: a resource tool. United	Termiticide Information System.	Nairobi, Kenya
		Nations Environment Programme,		Tel: +254 (0) 20 762
		Geneva, Switzerland.	UNEP, in conjunction with the Food and	3084
		http://www.chem.unep.ch/Pesticide	Agriculture Organization of the United	
		s/PesticideResourceTool/default.ht	Nations (FAO), hosts the Secretariat to the	Chemicals
		<u>m</u>	Rotterdam Convention.	programme. Geneva,
				United Nations
		The Chemical Information Exchange	In 2007UNEP established an initiative to	Environment
		Network (CIEN)	promote the development of a Flexible	Programme, Division
		http://jp1.estis.net/communities/cie	Framework for addressing Major Chemical	of Technology,
		<u>n/</u>	Accident's prevention and preparedness. A	Industry and
			UNEP expert Working Group has been	Economics.
		DDT Information System	created involving selected experts and	http://www.chem.un
		http://www.chem.unep.ch/ddt/Defa	institutions in the fields of chemical safety	ep.ch/irptc/
		<u>ult.html</u>	and prevention of major industrial	
			accidents. UNEP will pursue its work with	
		Termiticide Information System	the expert Working Group to develop more	
		http://www.chem.unep.ch/termites	supporting material for capacity building	
		<u>/Default.html</u>	and for promoting the approach in several	
			developing countries contributing to the	
			Bali Strategic Plan and SAICM.	
UN-FAO	The Food and Agriculture	Numerous guidelines are available,	The International Code of Conduct on the	Viale delle Terme di
	Organization of the United Nations	relating to pesticide use,	Distribution and Use of Pesticides is the	Caracalla
	has a mandate to raise levels of	management and regulation.	worldwide guidance document on pesticide	00153 Rome, Italy
	nutrition, improve agricultural	Examples include:	management for all public and private	Tel: (+39) 06 57051
	productivity, better the lives of rural	 Guidelines on developing a 	entities engaged in, or associated with, the	Fax: (+39) 06 5705
	populations and contribute to the	reporting system for health and	distribution and use of pesticides.	3152

Institution About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
growth of the world economy. Pesticide Management is an activity carried out within the overall framework of the Plant Production and Protection Division of FAO.	Resourcesenvironmental incidents resulting from exposure to pesticides [2009] http://www.fao.org/fileadmin/t emplates/agphome/documents/ Pests Pesticides/Code/Incidentr eporting09.pdf• Guidelines on post-registration surveillance and other activities in the field of pesticides [1988] http://www.fao.org/ag/AGP/AG PP/Pesticid/Code/Download/PO STREG.pdf• Guidelines on monitoring and observance of the revised 	NotesBased on the framework of the Code of Conduct various guidelines are being developed or revised in order to provide direct practical guidance and assistance to the pesticide regulatory authorities and to other stakeholders.The Pesticide Management Group informs subscribers on new publications, reports and upcoming events deriving from its work. To enroll, contact Pesticide- Management@fao.org.For further details, follow relevant links:• Food and Agriculture Organization: www.fao.org• FAO Plant Production and Protection Division: http://www.fao.org/agriculture/crops/a gp-home/en/?no_cache=1• FAO Pesticide Management: http://www.fao.org/agriculture/crops/c ore-themes/theme/pests/ipm/en/• FAO Pesticide Management: http://www.fao.org/agriculture/crops/c ore-themes/theme/pests/en/• FAO Transboundary Pests and Diseases: http://www.fao.org/emergencies/what -we-do/hazard-and-emergency- types/transboundary-pests-and- diseases/en/• International Plant Protection Convention: www.ippc.int• Codex Alimentarius: http://www.codexalimentarius.org/	Contact / link Email: <u>FAO-</u> <u>HQ@fao.org</u> Joint FAO/WHO Meeting on Pesticide Residues (JMPR). Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations/World Health Organization. <u>http://www.who.int/</u> foodsafety/chem/jm pr/en/index.html#

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
WFPHA	The World Federation of Public Health	WFPHA. 2000. Persistent Organic	The WFPHA has run a project on persistent	Washington Office
	Associations is an international,	Pollutants and Human Health.	organic pollutants for several years and has	c/o American Public
	nongovernmental, multi-professional	http://www.wfpha.org/tl_files/doc/	published a monograph on the subject. The	Health Association
	and civil society organization bringing	about/POPs%20WFPHA%202000.pdf	website also offers links to organisations	800 I Street, NW
	together public health professionals interested and active in safeguarding		involved in public health around the world.	Washington, DC 20001
	and promoting the public's health			USA
	through professional exchange,			USA
	collaboration, and action.			Geneva Office
				c/o Institute for
				Social and Preventive
				Medicine
				University of Geneva
				CMU
				1, rue Michel Servet
				CH-1211 Genève 4
				SWITZERLAND
				http://www.wfpha.o
				rg/pg_contact.htm
WHO	WHO is the directing and coordinating	Agrochemicals, health and	WHOPES collects, consolidates, evaluates	See also previous
WHOPES	authority for health within the United	environment – directory of resources	and disseminates information on the use of	column
HELI	Nations system.	The directory provides links to web-	pesticides for public health.	whopes@who.int
		accessible resources in categories of		mopese monte
	The WHO Pesticide Evaluation	relevance to policy-making.	HELI also makes information available on a	http://www.who.int/
	Scheme (WHOPES) was set up in	http://www.who.int/heli/risks/toxics	range of topics related to health and	heli/en/
	1960. WHOPES promotes and	/chemicals/en/index.html	environment of interest to policy-makers.	
	coordinates the testing and			<u>Link</u>
	evaluation of pesticides for public	Resources are available on a range of	For reasons of space some links to regional	Joint FAO/WHO
	health.	subjects including pesticide	offices / centres are provided in both this	Meeting on Pesticide
		management; risk reduction; vector	column and the next:	Residues
	The Health and Environment Linkages	resistance; risk reduction; food		(JMPR).Food and
	Initiative (HELI) is a global effort by	safety, e.g.	Managing human poisonings. World Health	Agriculture
	WHO and UNEP to support action by	WIIO Cuidalinas en situation	Organization Regional Office for South-East	Organization of the
	developing country policymakers on environmental threats to health. See	WHO . Guidelines on situation analysis for public health pesticide	Asia. http://www.searo.who.int/en/section23/se	United Nations/World
	environmental tilleats to health. See	analysis joi public health pesticide	<u>1111p.//www.searo.wn0.111/en/section23/se</u>	

Institution	About institution	Resources	Notes	Contact / link
	directory of resources (next column).	management	ction1725.htm	Health Organization.
		WHO/CDS/WHOPES/GCDPP/2005.12		http://www.who.int/
		http://whqlibdoc.who.int/hq/2005/	Food safety: chemical risks in food. Geneva,	ipcs/food/jmpr/en/
		WHO CDS WHOPES GCDPP 2005.1	World Health Organization.	
		<u>2.pdf</u>	http://www.who.int/foodsafety/chem/en/	
		WHO. 1990. Public health impact of	Occupational health. Geneva, World Health	Chemical
		pesticides used in agriculture.	Organization.	safety. Manila, World
		http://whqlibdoc.who.int/publicatio	http://www.who.int/occupational_health/	Health Organization
		ns/1990/9241561394.pdf	<u>en/</u>	Regional Office for
				the Western Pacific.
		WHO. 2006. Safer access to	Chemical safety. WHO.	http://www.wpro.wh
		pesticides: community interventions.	http://www.who.int/topics/chemical_safet	o.int/topics/chemical
		http://www.who.int/mental_health/	<u>y/en/</u>	<u>_safety/en/</u>
		prevention/suicide/pesticides safer		
		access.pdf		Food and chemical
				safety. New Delhi,
				World Health
				Organization
				Regional Office for
				South-East Asia.
				http://www.searo.w
				ho.int/en/Section23/
				Section1001.htm